Courtesy of



## Help your child have a healthy weight



### Think 5-2-1-0

#### 5 fruits and vegetables every day.

A great time to get children to eat vegetables or fruits is when they are hungry and waiting for dinner. This will also help them eat less at mealtime. Other suggestions:

- Breakfast fruit with cereal, add veggies to eggs (spinach, broccoli)
- Snack raw celery, carrots, cucumbers
- Lunch veggies in a sandwich, whole fruit or raw veggies
- Dinner 2 servings of vegetables
- It can take up to 15 tries for a child to like a new food. Keep trying!

#### Limit screen time to 2 hours

The time sitting and not moving can lead to weight gain and be bad for your child's heart.

- Children should not spend more than 2 hours per day in front of a screen (TV, video games, computer, tablet, phone)
- Children under 2 should not be placed in front of screens

#### 1 hour of exercise daily

Children should be active and do things that raise their heart rate for an hour every day. Exercise can be broken into 10-minute bursts.

Make it fun! Find a variety of things that your child likes to do.

- Balls of all sizes are wonderful
- Jump rope, ride a bike, or try jumping jacks or hopscotch
- Go for a brisk walk
- On a rainy day, blow up a balloon and keep it off the floor
- Pretend to be zoo animals and imitate their movements
- Put on some fun music and have them march up and down stairs while you are making dinner

#### $oldsymbol{0}$ (zero) sugar-sweetened drinks

- Give your child water and 1% or fat-free milk
- Stay away from drinks with added sugar like soda, lemonade, iced tea, fruit punch, or fruit drinks; the best way to avoid sugar-sweetened beverages is to not have them in the house
- Make sure juice drinks are 100% juice and limit to ½ a glass each day.
- Flavor your child's water by adding fruit such as lemon, lime, strawberry, watermelon, orange, or tangerine

#### More good ideas for your family

#### Eat meals together — make it a habit

- Model healthy eating.
- Take your time and talk to each other. Encourage your child to take 10-15 minutes to finish a meal.
- When you eat together, turn the TV off, and don't bring phones to the table.

#### Watch portion sizes

 Portion out the servings of food on everyone's plate before sitting down. You will eat less than when you put bowls of food on the table.

 Think of a healthy plate—½ of the plate with vegetables, ¼ with meat/protein, ¼ with wholegrain starch (e.g., brown rice, corn, quinoa).

 Use child-sized plates for your children and plates that are no more than 9 inches for yourself and preadolescents.

# Fruits Grains Vegetables Protein Choose My Plate.gov

#### Get your children involved in preparing meals

- Children ages 3 and up can help with washing vegetables or tearing leaves of lettuce. Have them help with putting food on plates.
- Children ages 7 and up can begin learning to cut and peel foods.
- Children ages 10 and up can learn to prepare simple meals.
- Kids will want to eat things that they helped to prepare.

#### Limit eating outside the home (fast food or restaurant) to once a week

- Prepare meals ahead of time in the portion sizes needed for you and your child.
- Use a slow cooker to have meals ready when you get home.
- Cook for more than 1 day at a time. Freeze the extra so you can keep some leftovers for another day.



Talk with your healthcare provider about a healthy weight for your child.

Elizabeth Parks Prout, Division of Gastroenterology, Hepatology, and Nutrition, Children's Hospital of Philadelphia, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA; Scott Kahan, Department of Health Policy and Management, Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health, Baltimore, Maryland, USA.

The Obesity Patient Page is a public service of The Obesity Society (TOS) and its Clinical Committee. These recommendations are appropriate in most instances, but they are not a substitute for medical diagnosis. Consult your healthcare provider for specific information concerning your personal medical condition. This page may be photocopied noncommercially by healthcare practitioners to share with patients. Healthcare practitioner is defined as being legally permitted to provide healthcare services and advice as defined by governing state laws and regulations. To purchase bulk reprints, call (781) 388-8507.